

Extern-A-Therm

## Recuperators

Models 300 MA – 2500 MA Models 300 MB – 2500 MB





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# About this manual

## AUDIENCE

## CROSS-FLOW RECUPERATOR DOCUMENTS

### **R**ELATED **D**OCUMENTS

This manual has been written for people who are already familiar with all aspects of industrial heating equipment design.

These aspects are:

- design/selection
- use
- maintenance.

The audience is expected to have had experience with this kind of equipment.

#### Design Guide No. 540

• This document

#### Data Sheet No. 540-1 through 540-4

- Available for individual Extern-A-Therm models
- Required to complete design calculations in this guide
- EFE 825 (Combustion Engineering Guide)
- Eclipse bulletins and Info Guides:
   610, 710, 720, 730, 742, 744, 760, 930

#### Purpose

The purpose of this manual is to make sure that the design of a safe, effective and trouble-free system is carried out.

## DOCUMENT CONVENTIONS

How to get help

There are several special symbols in this document. You must know their meaning and importance.

The explanation of these symbols follows below. Please read it thoroughly.



#### Danger:

Indicates hazards or unsafe practices which WILL result in severe personal injury or even death.

Only qualified and well trained personnel are allowed to carry out these instructions or procedures.

Act with great care and follow the instructions.

#### Warning:

Indicates hazards or unsafe practices which could result in severe personal injury or damage.

Act with great care and follow the instructions.



#### Caution:

Indicates hazards or unsafe practices which could result in damage to the machine or minor personal injury. Act carefully.



Note:

Indicates an important part of the text. Read thoroughly.

If you need help, you can contact your local Eclipse representative.

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# Introduction

# 1

## PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

Eclipse Extern-A-Therm recuperators are compact tubular airto-air heat exchangers designed to recover the waste heat in industrial exhaust gases. The recovered heat is used to preheat the combustion air for the system's burners, thereby increasing the thermal efficiency. To ensure that all the wasted heat is drawn across the recuperator tubes the recuperator is typically mated with an Eclipse eductor.

The single-ended design of the Extern-A-Therm recuperator allows for free expansion of the recuperator tubes; no expansion joints are required.

The alternative designs of the Extern-A-Therm, housings and eductors ensure ease of installation and efficient use of existing pipe work. The housings are internally insulated; there is no need for additional external insulation.



The Extern-A-Therm Recuperator



# 2

### INTRODUCTION

SAFETY

Important safety notices will be found in this section.



#### Warning: The surface of the r

The surface of the recuperator and preheated air pipe work are likely to have HOT surfaces. Always wear protective clothing when approaching the recuperator.

#### <u>Note:</u>

This manual gives information for the use of these recuperators for their specific design purpose. Do not deviate from any instructions or application limits in this manual without written advice from Eclipse Inc.

Read this entire manual before attempting to start the system. If any part of the information in this manual is not understood, then contact your local Eclipse representative or Eclipse Inc. before continuing.

CAPABILITIES	Adjustment, maintenance and troubleshooting of this system should be done by qualified personnel with good mechanical aptitude and experience with combustion equipment.
Operator Training	The best safety precaution is an alert and competent operator. Thoroughly instruct new operators so they demonstrate an adequate understanding of the equipment and its operation. Regular retraining must be scheduled to maintain a high degree of proficiency.
<b>R</b> eplacement <b>P</b> arts	Order replacement parts from Eclipse only. Any customer- supplied valves or switches should carry UL, FM, CSA, CGA and/or CE approval where applicable.

# System Design

# 3

### Design

#### **Furnace Temperature Limits**

**Up to 1800^{\circ}F** – no special safeguards are required to protect the recuperator. See page 10 for aluminum melting or holding applications.

 $1800^{\circ}F - 2100^{\circ}F$  - to ensure that the safe operating temperature of the recuperator tubes is not exceeded, air flow must not fall below the following limits:

 Model 300 MA or 300 MB
 90 scfh

 Model 600 MA or 600 MBA
 180 scfh

 Model 1500 MA or 1500 MB
 450 scfh

 Model 2500 MA or 2500 MB
 750 scfh

The recuperator must be position so that it will not be exposed to direct radiation from the furnace. This is to protect the recuperator during shutdown or power failure.



<u>CAUTION</u>: When shutting a process down, air must be supplied to the exchanger until the exhaust inlet temperature falls below 1800°F.

**2100°F to 2400°F** – Dilution air must be introduced to the air stream to maintain exhaust temperature below 2100°F. The amount of dilution air can be determined from the Dilution Air section, page 11. When using dilution air do not operate with excess fuel, either gas or oil. The resulting fire would destroy the recuperator.

A high temperature protection limit switch must be fitted to ensure flue temperatures do not exceed 2100°F.

The recuperator must be position so that it will not be exposed to direct radiation from the furnace. This is to protect the recuperator during shutdown or power failure.

The low flow air requirements listed above must be observed.



<u>CAUTION</u>: When shutting a process down, air must be supplied to the exchanger until the exhaust inlet temperature falls below 1800°F.

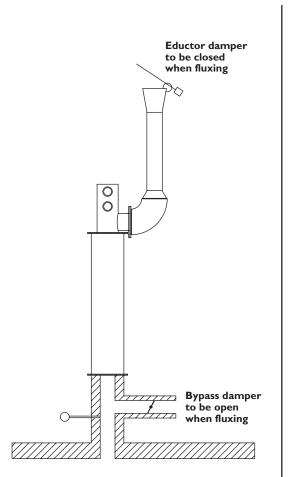


Figure I

#### Flue Gas Restrictions:

The recuperator must not be used with any chloride, sulfide, potassium, sodium or lithium salts in the flue gas.

Special precautions for aluminum melting or holding: If the recuperator is to be used on aluminum melting furnaces where flux is used, special precautions must be taken to protect the recuperator during the fluxing cycle. When flux is being used, the exit of the eductor should be closed off and a by-pass duct opened until the fluxing is complete and no fluxing agents are present in the exhaust. Closing the damper on the eductor will force the eductor air back through the recuperator ensuring that no contaminated exhaust gases enter the recuperator. See Figure 1.

In addition when using the recuperators on aluminum melting or holding furnaces, the exhaust temperature must be diluted to less than 1300°F. This will ensure that any aluminum in the exhaust will condense out before entering the recuperator. Aluminum condensing on the recuperator tubes will cause damage. When in doubt consult Eclipse.



<u>CAUTION</u>: Failure to observe these conditions can destroy the recuperator and will void the warrenty.

#### Determine the size of recuperator required.

It is assumed that the net Btu requirement is known. The table below is a rough guide for the efficiency with a cross flow recuperator at various furnace temperatures with 10% excess combustion air. This is sufficiently accurate to determine the size of recuperator to use; it should not be used to determine actual gas usage.

Furnace Temp. °F	Efficiency with Extern-A-Therm Recuperator			
1500	70%			
1600	68.5%			
1700	67%			
1800	65.7%			
1900	64.4%			
2000	63%			
2100	60.6%			
2200	59.3%			
2300	58%			

Calculate the gross Btu requirement using this efficiency then check the cross flow recuperator capacities in the data sheet to determine the size of recuperator.

#### Example:

Net required 1.0mm Btu/hr. with furnace temperature of  $1700^{\circ}$ F. From the table on page 10, the efficiency = 67%

Therefore, the gross input = 1.0mm/0.67 = 1.49mm Btu/hr. From the data sheets, a 1500 MA or 1500 MB Extern-A-Therm with a capacity of 0.4mm to 1.6mm Btu/hr must be used. If a higher preheat air temperature is required the 2500 MA or MB could be used.

#### **Dilution Air.**

If the furnace temperature is above  $2100^{\circ}$ F dilution air must be introduced to cool the exhaust gases to  $2100^{\circ}$ F before they enter the recuperator. See Figure 2.

As a guide, the following chart can be used to determine the amount of dilution air required:

		Burner Capacity Btu/hr.					
		100,000	200,000	500,000	1,000,000	2,000,000	
scfh Air	2200°F Furnace	75	150	375	730	I,460	
Volume s Cooling	2300°F Furnace	150	300	750	1,500	3,000	
Volt	2400°F Furnace	220	440	1,100	2,200	4,400	

#### Number of Extern-A-Therm Recuperators.

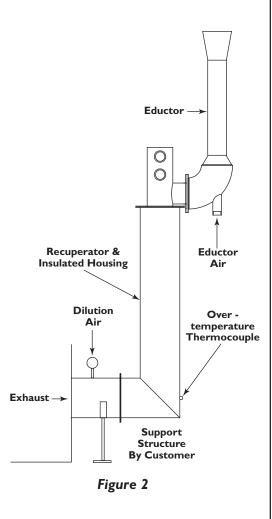
It is recommended that one recuperator be used for each zone of control. This has the advantage that the combustion air flow is controlled on the cold side of the recuperator. All the subsequent instructions and descriptions are written with this assumption. If it is required that a single cross flow recuperator will pre-heat the combustion air for multiple zones, consult Eclipse.

#### Mounting the Recuperator.

The Extern-A-Therm recuperators are designed for vertical mounting with the recuperator tubes hanging vertically down. If an alternative mounting arrangement is required contact Eclipse.

There are two types of recuperator designs, three types of insulated housing designs and two types of eductor designs. These variations enable the Extern-A-Therm to be positioned and mounted in the optimum location relative to the exhaust flue and burner position. The recuperator and exhaust housings have sufficient strength to be self supporting from the mounting flange, and can support the eductor if fitted. Eclipse recommends the use of flexibles at the air inlet/outlet and entrainment air connections to accommodate expansion and contraction. See Figure 2 for a typical arrangement.

Do not add additional insulation to the outside of the recuperator.



#### Mounting the Eductor.

The eductor can be mounted directly to the recuperator. The outlet flange on the recuperator is of sufficient strength to support the weight of the eductor; no additional support is required for the eductor.

The standard eductor is designed for vertical mounting, if horizontal mounting is requires consult Eclipse.

No additional exhaust ducting should be connected directly to the eductor.

There should be no restrictions at the eductor outlet; this would affect the eductor performance.

The outside of the eductor should not be insulated.

#### Typical Air Pipe Work.

The schematic on page 13 (Figure 3) shows a typical air control scheme. This uses one control valve to control the combustion air, eductor air and dilution air. As the burners turn down, the eductor air turns down to reduce the suction and keep the furnace at the desired pressure. If dilution air is fitted, this will also turn down, so as not to excessively cool the exhaust gas. A more sophisticated control is shown on page 13 (Figure 4). This assumes that more critical furnace pressure control is required. The eductor air has a separate control valve driven by the furnace pressure control.

More details of the combustion circuits and methods of controlling the air and gas can be found in Design Guide 206 covering ThermJet Burners for Preheated Combustion Air.

#### **Eductor Air Flow**

Eductors are designed to overcome the exhaust gas pressure drop through the recuperator. The eductor airflows given in the data sheet are the flows required to overcome the exhaust pressure drop at the maximum rating of the recuperator and an inlet exhaust temperature of 1900°F. The entrainment air flow required will be different at other capacities or exhaust temperatures.

#### **Cleaning the Recuperator.**

Dirt or other substances in the exhaust can accumulate on the outside of the recuperator tubes. Units can be cleaned with steam, compressed air, or or any other method that accomplishes the task without damaging the insulation.

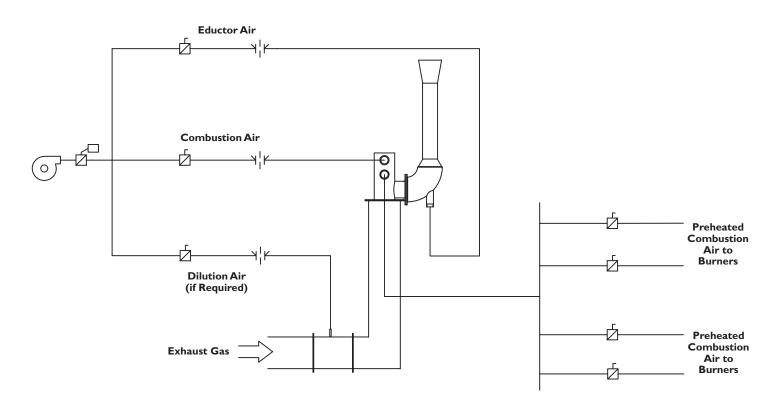


Figure 3

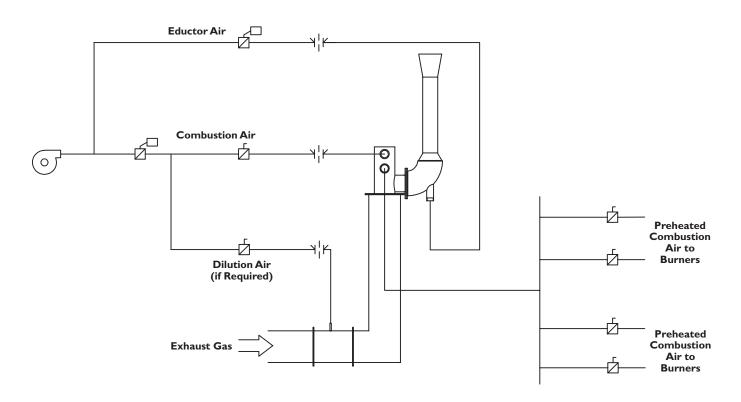


Figure 4



#### Offered By:

Power Equipment Company 2011 Williamsburg Road Richmond, Virginia 23231 Phone (804) 236-3800 Fax (804) 236-3882

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